Unit 3 Exam Preview/ Review Sheet

The Living World

- Matter, Energy, and Life
 - o Elements of Life
 - o Energy for Life
 - o From Species to Ecosystems
 - o Material Cycles and Life Processes
- Biological Communities and Species Interactions
 - o Who Lives Where, and Why
 - o Species Interactions
 - o Community Properties
 - o Communities in Transition

- Read Chapters 3-6. Complete Questions for Review and Questions for Critical Thinking for each chapter.
- Review STF

Key terms:

Ecosystem GPP habitat

Photosynthesis NPP Ecological diversity

Cellular respiration Biomass Genetic diversity

Fermentation Standing crop Law of tolerance

Bacteria Autotrophs Range of tolerance

Detritivores/ Detritus Heterotroph Limiting factor/

feeder Chemosynthesis limiting nutrient

Scavenger Optimum range

Decomposer Consumer (primary, Distribution

Nutrients secondary, tertiary, Dissolved oxygen

Trophic pyramid quatrinary...) (DO)

Trophic level Herbivore Ecological Disturbance

Ecological Efficiency Ecological resistance

Carnivore Ecological resilience

Laws of

thermodynamics Food chain Restoration ecology

Calorie Food webs Intrinsic value

Biogeochemical cycles:

Macronutrients (N, P, K+, Ca+, Mg,

S)

Hydrologic Cycle

Evaporation

Transpiration

Evapotranspiration

Condensation

Precipitation

Surface run off

Infiltration

Percolation

Leaching

Aquifer

Groundwater discharge (spring)

Water table

Carbon Cycle

Combustion

Sedimentation

Extraction

CaCO₃

Photosynthesis

Cellular Respiration

Organic Compounds

Hydrocarbons (VOCs)

Fossil Fuels

Natural greenhouse effect

Global climate change

Deforestation

Ocean Acidification

Nitrogen Cycle

Nitrogen gas= N₂

Ammonia = NH_3

 $Ammonium = NH_4 +$

Nitrate = NO₃-

Nitrite= NO₂-

Nitrous Oxide = N_2O

Legume nodules

cyanobacteria

Plant Assimilation (NH_4 + and NO_3 -)

Nitrogen fixation

Nitrogen fixing bacteria (rhizobium)

Legumes (Beans and peas)

Nitrification

Denitrification

Ammonification/ Decomposition

Fossil fuel

Combustion

NOx

Photochemical Smog

Acid Deposition

Organic Molecules: Amino Acid,

Nucleic Acid- DNA

Fertilizer

Cultural Eutrophication/ Algal bloom

Phosphorus Cycle

Phosphate = PO_4^3 -

Fertilizer

Organic Compounds: ATP, Nucleic acids, Cell/plasma membrane (phospholipid bilayer)

Cultural eutrophication/ Algal bloom

Hypoxic /Dead zone

Guano

detergents

Sulfur Cycle

Sulfate= SO₄²-

THINKING QUESTIONS:

- 1. Which cycles have to do with fossil fuel combustion?
- 2. Which cycles are associated with fertilizers? And cultural eutrophication? Can you explain the steps of cultural eutrophication. Why is it associated with "dead zones."
- What do the laws of thermodynamics have to do

Sulfur dioxide= SO₂

Sulfuric Acid= H₂SO₄

Acid deposition

Insustrial Smog

Fossil Fuel

Mining/Refining/Smelting

Organic Compounds: Amino Acid,

Nucleic Acid- DNA

- with food chains? The shape of the trophic pyramid?
- 4. What is the chemistry of acid deposition? IN the AIR. IN the SOIL?
- How does CaCO3 (limestone)
 and its alkalinity factor into the
 Carbon cycle and the ocean, as
 well as issues of acid rain on
 land.
- 6. What are the effects of acid deposition?